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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/551,929	10/10/2006	Frederic Taran	279089US0PCT	6537	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, L.L.P. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER		
			HAQ, SHAFIQUL		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1641		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/24/2010	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/551,929	TARAN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		SHAFIQUL HAQ	1641			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
	Posnonsivo to communication(s) filed on 1/11/	2010				
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>1/11/2010</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
′=	<i>/</i> —					
3)	- /1					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-29,31,33-35,37,38,40,42-45 and 48-53</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
· · _ ·	· <u> </u>					
7)	Claim(s) <u>27-29,31,33-35,37,38,40,42-45 and 48-53</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
<i>′</i> —	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	coloction requirement				
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
-	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
7-7	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
The path of declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action of John F 10-132.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te			

Response to Election-Restriction

1. Claims 27-29, 31, 33-35, 37, 38, 40, 42-45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52 and 54 are pending and examined on merits in this office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 27-29, 31, 33-35, 37-38, 40, 42-45, 48-49 and 51-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 27 and 54 recite "a compound Z comprising the chain E_1 - X_1 - G_1 - G_2 - X_2 - E_2 comprising E_1 , X_1 , \underline{E}_1 and E_2 ". The recitation is vague and indefinite because it is unclear what compounds are intended to encompass by "chain E_1 - X_1 - G_1 - G_2 - X_2 - E_2 comprising E_1 , X_1 , \underline{E}_1 and E_2 "? Does the second "comprising" term i.e. "comprising E_1 , X_1 , \underline{E}_1 and E_2 " intended for further substitutions of the chain with the groups E_1 , X_1 , \underline{E}_1 and E_2 ? If it is so, where would be the substitutions? On E_1 , E_1 , E_2 and E_3 is recited twice after the second "comprising" and it is unclear why is E_1 recited twice? Further it is unclear what other reaction products other than E_1 - E_1 - E_2 - E_2 are intended by the term "compound E_1 - E_2 - E_2 " generated from the reaction product of E_1 - E_1 - E_2 and E_2 - E_2 " generated from the reaction product of E_1 - E_1 - E_2 and E_2 - E_2 because the term "comprising" is an open-ended word that, when used with a product (which is a compound) within a claim, makes the claim open-ended and indefinite and therefore, it is 'not possible to ascertain the metes and bounds of the

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claimed subject matter. The omission of failing to describe the claimed invention renders the claims incomplete. It is suggested to delete the expression "comprising" or amend the claims with in the context and scope of the claims in order to overcome the rejection.

- 4. Claims 50 and 51 recite "at least two compounds reacting together" in line 4. It is unclear what is intended to mean by "reacting together"? The term "reacting together" does not meant that the two compounds have reacted with each other or is capable of reacting with each other and it is unclear as to whether the term is intended for two compounds capable of reacting with each other? Further, what type of reaction is intended to encompass by the term "reacting"? "Reacting" does not indicate that they are capable of forming a bond (covalent bond). Further the compounds as recited in the claims disclose to have functional groups but it is not clear as to whether the "reacting" is intended for reaction of the functional group that are capable of forming a covalent bond or is intended for other type of reaction?
- 5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

6. Claims 27-29, 31, 33-35, 37, 38, 40, 42-45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The method of claim 27 is for screening the operating conditions of a coupling reaction of at least two functional group G_1 and G_2 by reacting compounds E_1 - X_1 - G_1 and E_2 - X_2 - G_2 having the functional group to provide the product Z having the formula E_1 - X_1 - G_1 - G_2 - X_2 - E_2 and determining the concentration of the product Z by an antibody recognizing E_1 . However, the method steps as claimed in claim 27 will not be able to determine the concentration of product Z because the reaction mixture as recited in the claim would contain reaction product Z as well as un-reacted first compound E_1 - X_1 - G_1 and un-reacted second compound E_2 - X_2 - G_2 , all of which would react with the antibody AC_1 (note that AC_1 can form covalent bond with E_2 in the presence of a coupling agent: see claim 27) and therefore, the method as recited would not be able to determine the concentration of compound Z without separation of the un-reacted compounds from the reaction mixture.

Response to Applicant's argument

7. Applicant's arguments and amendments filed 1/11/10 have been fully considered and are persuasive to overcome the rejections of 7/9/09 under 35 U.S.C. 112 second paragraph. However, Applicants arguments are not persuasive to overcome the rejection under 35 USC 112 first paragraph. Moreover, Applicants' amendments necessitated new ground of rejection as described in this office action.

Applicants urge that Applicants disclose a method comprising obtaining a compound Z in a reaction medium and subsequently determining the concentration of the obtained compound Z by using at least one immunoassay comprising at least the antibody AC1 as in amended Claim 27. In fact, Applicants further disclose that

the at least one immunassary comprising the antibody AC₁ establishes immunobinding between the antibody AC1 and the residue E1 of the compound Z and forms a covalent bonding of the antibody AC1 and the residue of E2 of the compound Z, and Applicants also disclose details determining the concentration of compound Z from a conjugate attached to a solid phase by the antibody AC1 in the reaction medium as in amended Claim 37.

However, the independent claim 27 does not have the limitation as Applicants urges. It is noted that although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1 181, 26 USPQZII 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Further, as addressed in the rejection of 7/9/09, the method as claimed does not require separation of the unreacted first compound E_1 - X_1 - G_1 which will react with antibody AC_1 and un-reacted second compound E_2 - X_2 - G_2 which will react with the antibody AC_1 in the presence of a coupling agent.

Applicants argued that Applicants show inventive examples of determining the concentration of the obtained compound Z in the reaction medium by at least one immunoassay comprising at least the antibody AC_1 (specification page 38, line 11 to continuing page 40, line 3) where there is no need to remove the un-reacted first compound E_1 - X_1 - G_1 from the reaction medium since the compound is not recognized by the antibody AC_1 and does not bind the conjugate.

However, as described in the specification, in order to use only one antibody specific for M₁, the method requires AC₁ antibody immobilized on a solid support and

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an AC₁ antibody conjugated to a detectable label and the method further require the M₂ of the second compound be capable of forming at least one covalent bond with the AC_1 antibody that is immobilized on the solid support (see Fig. 3). Applicants are reminded that the reaction/coupling step of the M₂ to AC₁ after immobilization of the obtained compound Z through M₁ to the AC₁ and a reaction step to dissociate bound antibodies not coupled through a covalent bond after covalent bonding of M2 to AC1 (see page 18 and Fig. 3) are critical/essential steps to the practice of the invention using only AC₁ specific antibody. See MPEP 2172.01. Note that the phrase "comprising at least the antibody AC1" can be interpreted as being containing only AC₁ antibody. Further, Applicants argument that there is no need to remove the unreacted first compound E₁-X₁-G₁ from the reaction medium since the compound is not recognized by the antibody AC₁ is contrary to what is described in the specification because specification clearly teach washing to remove un-reacted components (page 38, lines 16-18 and page 45, lines 3-5). Further as claimed, antibody AC₁ recognizes E_1 (i.e. residue of M_1) of the compound E_1 - X_1 - G_1 and thus Applicants assertion that the compound E₁-X₁-G₁ is not recognized by AC₁ and does not bind the conjugate is unclear and does not find support in the specification.

Moreover, Applicants are reminded that E_2 in the elected second compound (compound VIII, see election of 3/23/09) represents a group capable of forming at least one covalent bond with the antibody AC_1 in the presence of a coupling agent and the method of detection/screening with this embodiment would encompass the critical/essential reaction/coupling step of the M_2 to AC_1 after immobilization of the

obtained compound Z through M_1 to the AC_1 and a reaction step to dissociate bound antibodies not coupled through a covalent bond <u>after</u> covalent bonding of M_2 to AC_1 and thus the other embodiment(s) (method process) which requires the non-elected E_2 - X_2 - G_2 (i.e. when M_2 is different from M_1 and for which a second specific antibody AC_2 is available) have not been addressed/considered in the rejection as they encompasses non-elected embodiment(s).

Conclusion

8. Applicants' amendment necessitated new ground(s) of rejection presented in this office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

If Applicants should amend the claims, a complete and responsive reply will clearly identify where support can be found in the disclosure for each amendment. Applicant should point to the page and line numbers of the application corresponding to each amendment, and provide any statements that might help to identify support

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for the claimed invention (e.g., if the amendment is not supported in ipsis verbis,

clarification on the record may be helpful). Should Applicants present new claims,

Applicants should clearly identify where support can be found in the disclosure.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Shafigul Hag whose telephone number is 571-272-

6103. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30AM-4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Mark L. Shibuya can be reached on 571-272-0806. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Shafiqul Haq/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1641